

<id>X502.84  
<ma>Data General Corporation  
<na>Data General Eclipse  
<oc>Digital Computer  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>1982  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift  
<dr>Data General Corporation  
<\$v>1000  
<lo>Bay 1, Floor 6, by the wall left side disc drive in PC Cage  
<bl>A general purpose, eight accumulator, stored program computer with a 16-bit word length. Maximum addressable main meory is 262,144 bytes.  
<rf>Data General  
<>

<id>X503.84  
<ma>Hewlett-Packard Company  
<na>Hewlett-Packard 7586B Graphics Plotter  
<oc>Transducer  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>1984<co>USA  
<s#>2402A00624  
<si>53.5"x24"x46"  
<chax>off-white, metal  
<parts>  
<hw>Gift,  
<dr>Hewlett-Packard Company  
<\$v>1000  
<lo>WF-IG  
<bl>Used in exhibit; may decide to deaccession when no longer used.  
<rf>HP  
<>

<id>X504.84 - potential deaccession  
<ma>Adage, Inc.  
<na>Adage 3006 Display Processor #CB24  
<deac><why>  
<oc>Transducer<fa><ge>  
<yr>1984<co>USA  
<s#>A957040<si><cr><mt><cx>Model <pt>monitor  
<hw>Gift,<dr>Adage, Inc. <\$v>1,000  
<lo>?  
<bl>  
<rf>Adage  
<>

<id>X505.84 - potential deaccession  
<ma>Dataproducts Corporation  
<na>Dataproducts BP-1500 Band Printer  
<model #><#>1<sn>  
<deac><why>  
<oc>Transducer<fa><ge>  
<yr>1984<co>USA  
<s#>1-6-02433<si>33"x48"x48"<cr>gray, white, red, green<mt>plastic, metal<cx><pt>  
<hw>Gift<dr>Dataproducts Corporation <\$v>1,000  
<lo>WF-VAX Is it still there? Should it be part of the collection?  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X506.84  
<ma>Scriptel Corporation  
<na>Scriptel Transparent Digitizing Tablet  
<oc>Transducer<fa><ge>  
<yr>1984<co>USA  
<s#>840821001  
<si>16"x17"x.25"  
<cx>vclear, glass, plastic  
<pt>includes 4 button cursor  
<hw>Gift  
<dr>Scriptel Corporation  
<\$v>900  
<lo>WF-IG  
<bl>Using a different technology than most tablet manufactures allows this digitizer to be completely transparent. This lets the user places artwork or menus under the tablet, protected from being torn or stained. The tablet can also be laminated onto the display screen of an interactive workstation, or backed with frosted glass onto which slides can be projected for tracing their contents.  
<rf>Office files  
<>

<id>X507.84  
<ma>Gates, William  
<na>First BASIC written for the Altair  
<model #><#>1  
<oc>Software  
<fa>Personal Computer  
<ge>  
<yr>3/2/75  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift, 11/7/84  
<dr>William Gates  
<\$v>1000  
<lo>WF-3SC  
<bl>  
<rf>

&lt;&gt;

&lt;id&gt;X508.84 - potential deaccession, let's look at it.

&lt;ma&gt;Grinnell Systems Corporation

&lt;na&gt;Grinnell GMR 27-20 Display System

&lt;deac&gt;&lt;why&gt;

&lt;oc&gt;Transducer

&lt;fa&gt;

&lt;ge&gt;

&lt;yr&gt;1984

&lt;co&gt;USA

&lt;s#&gt;305948

&lt;si&gt;

&lt;cr&gt;

&lt;mt&gt;

&lt;cx&gt;

<pt>GMR 27-20 Display System: Rewire & update test bed SO# 0101 configured as SO# 2098, DR11B (S/N# 305948). Sync Interface Card & 2 - Image Memory Image Control Card Conversion of existing system to DR11B Interface, Quad Independent Cursor, 12x12 Video Lookup Table Card, Trackball Control Unit, with 50 ft Cable (S/N# 320963) Conrac 5211C19 Monitor (S/N# 433988)

&lt;hw&gt;Gift, 11/7/84

&lt;dr&gt;Grinnell Systems Corporation

&lt;\$v&gt;100

&lt;lo&gt;WF-IG

&lt;bl&gt;

&lt;rf&gt;

&lt;&gt;

&lt;id&gt;X509.84

&lt;ma&gt;Sutherland, James

&lt;na&gt;ECHO IV Home Computer

&lt;model #&gt;

&lt;#&gt;1

&lt;oc&gt;Digital Computer

&lt;fa&gt;

&lt;ge&gt;

&lt;yr&gt;1966

&lt;co&gt;USA

&lt;s#&gt;n/a

&lt;si&gt;

&lt;cr&gt;white, black, wood-grain

&lt;mt&gt;wood, components, wire, etc.

&lt;cx&gt;

&lt;pt&gt;4 Cabinets (in 2 sections), printer, keypad

&lt;hw&gt;Gift, 11/7/84

&lt;dr&gt;Sutherland, James, 4857 Havana Drive, Pittsburgh, PA 15239

&lt;\$v&gt;500

&lt;lo&gt;Bay 1, Floor 6, cage area in back

&lt;bl&gt;

&lt;rf&gt;Office files

&lt;&gt;

<id>X510.84 - potential deaccession  
<ma>Lexidata, Inc.  
<na>Lexidata LEX 90/35  
<deac>  
<why>  
<oc>Transducer  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift, 11/7/84  
<dr>Lexidata, Inc.  
<\$v>100  
<lo>  
<bl>Terminal for "design-a-house."  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X511.84  
<ma>Summagraphics Corporation  
<na>BitPad One  
<oc>Transducer  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>c. 1975  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>15.5"x15"x.5"  
<cx>off white plastic  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift, 11/14/84  
<dr>Summagraphics Corporation, 777 State Street Extension, Fairfield, CT 06430  
contact: John Livesay  
<\$v>1000  
<lo>WF-IG  
<bl>The digitizing tablet became a common component in interactive computer graphic systems during the 1970's. The BitPad One by Summagraphics is representative of the range of page-sized tablets used in many graphics workstations and as accessories to microcomputer systems. It is approximately the same size as the Rand Tablet, but is capable of distinguishing points as close as one or two thousandths of an inch apart.  
<rf>Summagraphics  
<>

<id>X512.84  
<ma>Micro Control Systems, Inc.  
<na>Space Tablet  
<oc>Transducer  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>c. 1980  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>16"x13"x9"  
<cx>black plastic  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift, 11/14/84  
<dr>Micro Control Systems, Inc., 27 Hartford Turnpike, Vernon, CT 06066 contact:  
Mary Beth Staron  
<\$v>100  
<lo>WF-IG  
<bl>As Computer-aided Design (CAD) techniques became more prevalent in mechanical engineering, the need to digitize the shapes of three-dimensional objects became commonplace. Digitizing even a small mechanical part is difficult if the input device can record only two dimensions at a time. This instrument uses one of several approaches to measuring the shape of small objects. Each joint of the digitizer's arm houses a high-precision potentiometer which senses the angle between the arms meeting there. Knowing these angles, the lengths of its arms and a little trigonometry, the Space Tablet can calculate the 3-D coordinates of the tip of its stylus, and return this information to the computer.  
<rf>

<><id>X513.84  
<ma>Sinclair Research Limited  
<na>Sinclair ZX80 Personal Computer  
<oc>Digital Computer  
<fa>  
<ge>Personal Computer  
<yr>1980  
<co>ENGLAND  
<s#>  
<si>7"x9"x2"  
<cx>blue, white, yellow black plastic  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift, 11/14/84  
<dr>Sinclair Research Limited  
<\$v>100  
<lo>WF-PCE  
<bl>  
<rf>Sinclair  
<>

<id>X514.84  
<ma>Sinclair Research Limited  
<na>Sinclair ZX81 Personal Computer  
<oc>Digital Computer  
<fa>Personal Computer  
<ge>  
<yr>1981  
<co>ENGLAND  
<s#>  
<si>6.5"x6.75"x1.5"  
<cx>red and black plastic  
<pt>w/ operating manual, ZX 16K RAM additional memory  
<hw>Gift, 11/14/84  
<dr>Sinclair Research Limited  
<\$v>100  
<lo>WF-PCE  
<bl>  
<rf>Sinclair  
<>

<id>X515.84 - If it exists, lets discuss de-accessioning  
<ma>MASSCOMP, Inc.  
<na>MASSCOMP MC-500 Minicomputer  
<deac><why>  
<oc>Digital Computer  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>1984  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>w/ 2 monitors (sn# 445) and 2 television cameras used as two separate exhibits in  
Image Gallery  
<hw>Gift, 11/14/84  
<dr>MASSCOMP, Inc.  
<\$v>100  
<lo>WF-IG  
<bl>Earlier one in exhibit ... had two smaller screens ... stand up. Is it gone.  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X516.84 - Can we get this back from MIT?

<ma>Benton, Stephen

<na>Hologram Generated by Computer

<deac><why>

<oc>Graphics

<fa>

<ge>

<yr>1984

<co>USA

<s#>

<si>

<cx>

<pt>

<hw>Gift, 11/15/84

<dr>Stephen Benton

<\$v>500

<lo>WF-IG

<bl>Computer-generated view of two spheres from 100 different viewpoints were photographed and then made into vertical strip elements for this hologram. The result is a simulated three-dimensional space occupying about one cubic foot.

<rf>

<>

<id>X517.84

<ma>Dutton, Geoffery

<na>Hologram: Computer Animated Population Density Map

<deac>Returned<why>Loan

<hw>LOAN, 11/15/84 - 11/87

<dr>Geoffrey Dutton

<id>X518.84

<ma>Xynetics, Inc.

<na>Xynetics Automatic Drafting System 1100

<deac><why>

<oc>Integrated Circuit

<fa>

<ge>

<yr>

<co>USA

<s#>

<si>71"x66"x52"

<cx>

<pt>

<hw>Purchase

<dr>General Instrument Company

<\$v>10,000

<lo>WF-IG

<bl>Write this from the label...

<rf>

<>

<id>X519.84  
<ma>Valenta, Jerry & Sons, Inc.  
<na>Jacquard Punched Cards  
<oc>Memory  
<fa>Punched Card  
<ge>  
<yr>1984  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>brown cardboard  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift, 11/15/84  
<dr>Jerry Valenta & Sons, Inc.  
<\$v>25  
<lo>WF-IG, WF-56C  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X520.84 -  
<ma>Wang Laboratories  
<na>Wang LOCI-2  
<oc>Digital Calculator  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>1964  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>also An Wang's notes on shift register (xerox)  
<hw>LOAN, 11/15/84 - 11/86 2yr. renewable  
<dr>Wang Laboratories  
<\$v>100  
<lo>WF-TLC  
<bl>LOCI (LOGarithmic Calculating Instrument) Desktop electronic calculator for scientific applications. First calculator capable of generating logarithms of numbers. New technique in electronics pioneered with LOCI--Concept of hardwiring beyond the basic four functions (+, -, \*, and /). Hardwiring means circuitry within calculator soldered together so that same function is performed every time a special key is touched, eliminating many steps. Well received in the scientific community, major contribution was to identify need for simpler, less expensive calculator for business and scientific applications. Need was answered by the desktop 300 series in 1965.  
<rf>Wang Laboratory  
<>

<id>X521.84 - Let's get one for the collection  
<ma>Texas Instruments, Inc.  
<na>Speak & Spell {DEACCESSIONED}  
<deac>DEACCESSIONED<why>Transfer to S-List  
<hw>Gift, <dr>Frantz, Gene, Texas Instruments, Inc., P.O. Box 10508,



<id>X522.84  
<ma>Webb, C.H.  
<na>Webb Adder  
<oc>Digital Calculator  
<fa>Single Register  
<ge>  
<yr>pat'd 1889  
<co>USA  
<s#>4055  
<si>160x110x5mm  
<cx>looks like to connected circles  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift, 11/27/84  
<dr>Gordon and Gwen Bell  
<\$v>1000  
<lo>WF-Office  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X523.84 What is this? Bring it to me to see?  
<ma>Walker, R.H.  
<na>Addist, The  
<model #>  
<#>1  
<oc>Analog Calculator  
<fa>Slide rule  
<ge>  
<yr>pat'd 1869  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>150x80x1mm  
<cx>yellow and green paper  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift, 11/27/84  
<dr>Gordon and Gwen Bell  
<\$v>50  
<lo>visible storage case 15 drawer a  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X524.84  
<ma>Burroughs Corporation, Electrodata division  
<na>Burroughs 205 Modules  
<oc>Digital Computer  
<fa> Logic  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>VT module: 7.5"x13"x2.5" Diode card: 5"x4"x.25"  
<cx>  
<pt>6 VT modules 76 diode cards also a keyboard from an offline paper tape preparation unit, small power supply  
<hw>Gift, 12/21/84  
<dr>Williams, James, 16 Bemis Road, Pepperell, MA 01463  
<\$v>10  
<lo>WF-56C  
<bl>  
<rf>Burroughs A195  
<>

<id>X525.84  
<ma>Burroughs Corporation, Electrodata division  
<na>Burroughs 205 Magtape Hybrid Read Amplifier Modules  
<oc>Digital Computer  
<fa>Logic  
<ge>Electronic components  
<yr>  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>6.5"x6.5"x1.5"  
<cx>11 modules  
<pt>box with tubes  
<hw>Gift, 12/21/84  
<dr>Williams, James, 16 Bemis Road, Pepperell, MA 01463  
<\$v>10  
<lo>WF-56C  
<bl>These modules are from a Burroughs 205 Magtape Unit and are probably read amplifiers. They are "hybrid" using a transistor and 3 vacuum tubes.  
<rf>Burroughs A195  
<>

<id>X526.84  
<ma>International Business Machines Corporation  
<na>IBM Card Punch, Model 29  
<deac>DEACCESSIONED<why>Transfer to S-List  
<hw>Gift,<dr>Massachusetts State Agency for Surplus Property

<id>X527.84  
<ma>International Business Machines Corporation  
<na>IBM Card Punch, Model 29  
<deac>DEACCESSIONED<why>Transfer to S-List  
<hw>Gift<dr>Massachusetts State Agency for Surplus Property

<id>X528.84  
<ma>Gould, Inc.  
<na>Gould 8600 II Computer System  
<deac>Deaccessioned <why>not significant  
<hw>Gift<dr>Gould, Inc.

<id>X529.84  
<ma>Gould, Inc.  
<na>Gould 32/55 Computer System  
<deac>Deaccessioned <why>not significant  
<hw>Gift<dr>Gould, Inc.

<id>X530.84 - should we keep as an example of cad  
<ma>Nike, Inc.  
<na>Molds for casting rubber sole, rubber soles and Nike Air running shoes  
<deac><why>  
<oc>Computer graphics  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>1984  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>3 molds (top & bottom), 1 pair of sneakers, various top & bottom soles  
<hw>Gift, 11/15/84 added to collection: 12/30/84  
<dr>Nike, Inc.  
<\$v>10  
<lo>WF-IG, WF-56C  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X531.84  
<ma>Resch, Ron  
<na>Computer Art: "Folded Metal Bird"  
<deac>Deaccessioned<why>returned to artist  
<hw>LOAN<dr>Ron Resch

<id>X532.84  
<ma>Resch, Ron  
<na>Computer Art: "Van Leer Model"  
<deac>Deaccessioned<why>returned to artist  
<hw>LOAN<dr>Ron Resch

<id>X533.84  
<ma>Apollo Computer, Inc.  
<na>Apollo DN100 Workstations, 2 nodes  
<oc>Digital Computer  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>USA  
<s#>100104, 100107  
<si>24"x32"x47"  
<cx>  
<pt>2 CPU, 2 monitor, 2 keyboard  
<hw>Gift, 12/30/84  
<dr>Apollo Computer, Inc.  
<\$v>100  
<lo>WF-PCE, WF  
<bl>First ones shipped. They formed two nodes in the first domain network implemented by Apollo.  
<rf>Apollo  
<>

<id>X534.84  
<ma>Apollo Computer, Inc.  
<na>Apollo DN100 Workstation  
<deac>DEACCESSIONED<why>Consolidated into X533.84  
<hw>Gift, 12/30/84<dr>Apollo Computer, Inc.

<id>X535.84  
<ma>Unknown  
<na>Resulta-BS7 calculator  
<oc>Digital Calculator  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>West Germany  
<s#>  
<si>3.5"x6"x4.5"  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift, 12/21/84 added to collection: 12/30/84  
<dr>Lou Goodman  
<\$v>30  
<lo>visible storage case 8 bottom shelf  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X536.84  
<ma>Unknown  
<na>Resulta-9 calculator  
<oc>Digital Calculator  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>West Germany  
<s#>  
<si>4"x6"x4.5"  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift, 12/21/84 added to collection: 12/30/84  
<dr>Lou Goodman  
<\$v>30  
<lo>visible storage case 8 bottom shelf  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X537.84 -- is this still in VAX room, do we want it?  
<ma>Dataproducts Corporation  
<na>Dataproducts Matrix Printer, Model M100  
<deac>  
<why>  
<oc>Transducer  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>1984  
<co>USA  
<s#>SN44-2597-M100  
<si>25"x23"x9"  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift, 11/2/84 added to collection: 12/30/84  
<dr>Dataproducts Corporation, 6200 Canoga Avenue, P.O. Box 746, Woodland Hills,  
CA 91365 contact: John Leggatt, V.P.North American Sales  
<dr>Dataproducts Corporation  
<\$v>1000  
<lo>WF-VAX  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X538.84  
<ma>Sharp Corporation  
<na>Elsi MATE El-8048 Electronic Calculator Soroban  
<oc>Digital Calculator  
<fa>Five or more Registers  
<ge>micro-processor based  
<yr>1979  
<co>Japan  
<s#>921  
<si>30x9x2cm  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift, 1979 added to collection: 12/31/84  
<dr>Anonymous  
<\$v>30  
<lo>WF-Office  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X539.84 - Clear this up with Katherine, if you can find her. Ask OLiver?  
<ma>Apple Computer, Inc.  
<na>Apple II Plus  
<deac>  
<why>  
<oc>Digital Computer  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>ca. 1982/3  
<co>USA  
<s#>A2S2-490065  
<si>CPU: 15"x18"x4" Monitor: 17"x15"x15"  
<cx>The casing appears as an Apple II rather than a II Plus, but the machine is actually a II Plus. It is in working condition.  
<pt>CPU unit, 80 column card, disk drive and controller, Amdek Color-I Monitor.  
<hw>Gift, 9/84 added to collection: 12/31/84  
<dr>Katherine Schwartz  
<\$v>200  
<lo>LOAN  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X540.84 - look at this and get rid of excess then describe what we have.  
<ma>Evans and Sutherland Computer Corporation  
<na>Evans and Sutherland Line Drawing System 2  
<deac>  
<why>  
<oc>Digital Computer  
<fa>  
<ge>Computer Graphics  
<yr>  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>21"x27"x69" ea. (5 cabinets)  
<cx>the 13th piece from the packing slip inventory is a door which is now attached to cabinet #3. Was temp RED#2.  
<pt>skid# 1: 6 boxes (containing some documents and parts);part 2: formica table top (46"x59"x2.5"); parts 3-7: logic cabinets  
<hw>Gift,  
<dr>Case Western University  
<\$v>100  
<lo>WF-62S  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X541.85 Is this still here; now on a PC not the VAX?  
<ma>Digital Equipment Corporation  
<na>GIGI  
<oc>Transducer  
<fa>  
<ge>Graphics  
<yr>  
<co>USA  
<s#>WF09682  
<si>19"x12"x4"  
<cr>off-white, black  
<mt>plastic  
<cx>  
<pt>w/ Barco monitor which is on loan from the Children's Museum and VAX runs Core Memory Simulation.  
<hw>Gift  
<dr>Digital Equipment Corporation  
<\$v>100  
<lo>WF-VTG  
<bl>  
<rf>DEC  
<>

<id>X542.85

<ma>Lockheed-Georgia Company

<na>Rudder Control Wheel of C141A Transport Aircraft

<model #>

<#>1

<oc>Graphics

<fa>

<ge>

<yr>1965

<co>USA

<s#>

<si>11.5" diameter

<cx>

<pt>

<hw>Gift

<dr>Lockheed-Georgia Company

<\$v>50

<lo>WF-IG

<bl>The rudder control wheel of the Lockheed C141 transport plane was one of the first objects to be designed and manufactured by computer. This paved the way for operational use of computer-aided design and manufacture for the C5A super-transport plane.

<rf>Office files

<>

<id>X543.85

<ma>International Business Machines Corporation

<na>IBM 64K-bit RAM Chips, unmounted and w/ mounting double layer package

<oc>Memory

<fa>Integrated circuit

<ge>

<yr>1978

<co>USA

<s#>

<si>.25"x.25"

<cr>gold, white

<mt>silicon

<cx>1 chip housed in a 3" square plexi box attached to a text panel, 1 to be included in microscope exhibit

<pt>1 stacked eight-chip module, 1 upper substrate, 6 chips

<hw>Gift

<dr>IBM

<\$v>50

<lo>visible storage case 14 drawer e

<bl>

<rf>

<>



<id>X544.85

<ma>Rand Corporation

<na>Rand Tablet Mesh of Copper Wire

<oc>Transducer

<fa>Graphics

<ge>

<yr>ca. 1965

<co>USA

<s#>

<si>19.5"x23.5"

<cx>

<pt>

<hw>Gift,

<dr>Ivan E. Sutherland

<\$v>100

<lo>WF-2SC

<bl>The Rand Tablet detected the location of a stylus by picking up a sequence of pulses that were transmitted in the wires that run across the tablet surface. The pulses were generated in a Gray code form with a unique coding in each of the thousand or more wires. The coding was built into the tablet artwork. Capacitive coupling between coding plates on one side of the artwork and the main wires on the other side did the trick without further electronics. You can see the gray code bars around the edge of the printed circuit itself.

<rf>Rand related to X450.84, X413.84

<>

<id>X545.85 (A-C)

<ma>Potter Instrument Company, Inc.

<na>Potter Tape Control Unit Logic Cards

<oc>Logic

<fa>

<ge>

<yr>ca. 1970

<co>USA

<s#>

<si>3 cards A: 6"x4"; B: Double edge connector: 6"x3.5"; C: 4.5"x3"

<cx>These three have been added to the collection as examples of small scale integration.

The original donation consisted of some 40 cards.

<pt>

<hw>Gift, 1/3/85 added to collection: 3/5/85

<dr>Keith Gobeski

<\$v>10

<lo>WF-3SC

<bl>

<rf>

<>

<id>X546.85  
<ma>Odhner  
<na>Original Odhner Calculator  
<oc>Digital Calculator  
<fa>Three Register  
<ge>Rotary  
<yr>ca. 1920  
<co>Sweden  
<s#>29-245564  
<si>12"x6"x5"  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift, 1/6/85  
<dr>Henry C Thacher and University of Kentucky  
<\$v>200  
<lo>visible storage case 8 top shelf  
<bl>  
<rf>Office files  
<>

<id>X547.85  
<ma>Monroe Calculating Machine Company  
<na>Monroe 326 Scientist  
<oc>Digital Calculator  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>ca. 1975  
<co>USA  
<s#>5267060  
<si>5.5"x9"x3"  
<cx>  
<pt>main unit, cassette tape player, power supply, black carrying case  
<hw>Gift, 1/6/85 added to collection: 3/5/85  
<dr>Henry C. Thacher and University of Kentucky  
<\$v>100  
<lo>visible storage case 1 underneath  
<bl>  
<rf>Monroe  
<>

<id>X548.85  
<ma>Digital Equipment Corporation  
<na>Glass Plates: Artwork for Agate or VaxStation 300 PC board  
<oc>Digital Computer  
<fa>Integrated circuit  
<ge>  
<yr>1983  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>20"x16"  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift,  
<dr>Digital Equipment Corporation

<\$v>100

<lo>WF-56C

<bl>These glass plates are the artwork for a multi-layer PC board for the "Agate" or "VS300" (VaxStation 300) for a color graphics board of high performance color workstation.

<rf>

<>

<id>X549.85

<ma>Spiras Systems, Inc.

<na>Spiras-65 Computer

<oc>Digital Computer

<fa>

<ge>

<yr>

<co>USA

<s#>1169-1011

<si>19"x25"x14"

<cx>This machine contains 8K (16K bytes) of core memory

<pt>CPU unit, separate power supply (19"x23.5"x5.5")

<hw>Gift,

<dr>Dartmouth College Radiophysics Laboratory

<\$v>200

<rk>

<lo>WF-56C

<bl>Although not dated, this seems to be a 16-bit mini computer built with a nixie tube display and a octal keyset for data entry.

<rf>Office files

<>

<id>X550.85

<ma>Bolt Beranek and Newman, Inc.

<na>Grafacon 1010A Digitizing Tablet

<oc>Transducer

<fa>Graphics

<ge>

<yr>

<co>USA

<s#>

<si>24.5"x23.5"x1.5"

<cx>

<pt>tablet, power supply unit (19"x7.5"x5"), control unit(19"x7.5"x7"),

<hw>Gift, 2/25/85

<dr>Dartmouth College Radiophysics Laboratory

<\$v>100

<lo>WF-56C

<bl>

<rf>Office files

<>

<id>X551.85  
<ma>NEC Corporation  
<na>Keychain containing 1 Megabyte NEC DRAM mounted & unmounted  
<deac><why>  
<oc>Integrated circuit  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>1985  
<co>  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cr>clear, black, red  
<mt>plexi w/ chips  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift,  
<dr>Howard Sussman and NEC Electronics, Inc.  
<\$v>10  
<lo>WF-3SC  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X552.85  
<ma>Computer Products Corporation  
<na>CP 10/50 General Purpose Analog Computer  
<oc>Analog Computer  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<cp>  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>fully transistorized, desktop computer with a removable patch panel  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift,  
<dr>Per A. Holst  
<\$v>100  
<lo>WF-56C  
<bl>  
<rf>Computer Products Corp.  
<>

<id>X553.85  
<ma>Sumlock Anita Electronics Ltd.  
<na>Anita 1000 LSI  
<oc>Digital Calculator  
<fa>Integrated circuit  
<ge>  
<cp>  
<co>Great Britain  
<s#>LO 58503  
<si>9"x6"x4"  
<cx>

<pt>  
<hw>Gift,  
<dr>Brian Randell  
<\$v>50  
<lo>visible storage case 8 bottom shelf  
<bl>  
<rf>Office files  
<>

<id>X554.85  
<ma>Commodore Business Machines, Inc.  
<na>Commodore 500E Calculator  
<oc>Digital Calculator  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>USA  
<s#>50879  
<si>15.5"x18"x10"  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift, 3/13/85  
<dr>Baynes Electric Supply Company  
<\$v>10  
<lo>visible storage case 4 on view  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X555.85  
<ma>Digital Group, The  
<na>Digital Group System 2  
<oc>Digital Computer  
<fa>  
<ge>Personal computer  
<yr>ca. 1976  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>CPU unit, keyboard, cassette tape unit, monitor 4tapes, a few extra chips  
<hw>Gift,  
<dr>St. George's School, Newport RI  
<\$v>100  
<lo>pc cage section 3 shelf 1  
<bl>The Digital Group provided equipment to hobbyists. System 2 includes a Z80 cpuy with 2K memory, IO card, TV readout and audio cassette interface, additional 16 K memory, stadard motherboard, 12 amp power supply and standard cabinet. The price was about \$475 unassembled and \$700 assembled.  
<rf><>

<id>X556.85 - do we deaccession as ephemera?

<ma>Celestron Associates, Inc.

<na>Fortran Infograph

<deac><why>

<oc>Software Ephemera

<fa>

<ge>

<yr>1964

<co>USA

<s#>n/a

<si>5"x8"x1"

<cx>

<pt>

<hw>Gift,

<dr>J.A.N. Lee

<\$v>20

<lo>WF-TLC

<bl>

<rf>

<>

<id>X557.85

<ma>International Business Machines Corporation

<na>IBM Hexadecimal Adder

<oc>Digital Calculator

<fa>

<ge>

<yr>

<co>USA

<s#>

<si>9.5"x3"x.5"

<cx>plastic, part # 229-3168

<pt>

<hw>Gift,

<dr>Fred Macchio

<\$v>20

<lo>visible storage case 5 top shelf

<bl>

<rf>

<>

<id>X558.85 - Please clear up this loan

<ma>Centurion Industries, Inc.

<na>Digitor Learning Arithmetic Module

<oc> Microprocessor-based Device

<fa>

<ge>

<yr>1974

<co>USA

<s#>A37528

<si>8"x8"x10"

<cx>white, black, red, green, silver-metalplastic, metal

<pt>

<hw>Gift, 4/8/85

<dr>Centurion Industries, Inc.

<\$v>40

<lo>LOAN

<bl>The Digitor Learning Arithmetic Module was developed to assist students to master basic mental arithmetic computations in addition, subtraction, multiplication and division. It is recognized as being the first use of electronic technology for an educational purpose. This Digitor model used the first microcomputer LSI chip invented by Ted Hoff and manufactured by Intel. The Digitor was first manufactured in 1974 and later revised in 1977 to take advantage of state-of-the-art technology. Since 1974, over 100,000 Digitors have been sold to school systems throughout the US and many foreign countries.

<rf>Office files

<>

<id>X559.85

<ma>Layton, C & E

<na>Tates Arithmometer

<oc>Digital Calculator

<fa>Three Register

<ge>Stepped Wheel

<yr>

<co>England

<s#>1283

<si>22"x10"x7"

<cx>brass with cast iron stand

<pt>

<hw>Gift,

<dr>Mrs. David G. Stone

<\$v>2000

<lo>WF-CAL

<bl>This machine which is of the Thomas type, embodies the modifications patented in 1884 and 1903 by S Tate, who in 1883 was the first in England to manufacture this type of calculating machine. His patents were later taken over by C & E Layton.

<rf>Office files

<>

<id>X560.85

<ma>First Comics, Inc.

<na>SHATTER: The First Computerized Comic Book

<deac><why>

<oc>Graphics

<fa>

<ge>

<yr>1984

<co>USA

<s#>

<si>6.5"x10.5"x.125"

<cx>orange, yellow, green, black, purple paper special No. 1 edition

<pt>2 color comic books, 3 uncolored tear sheets from the comics

<hw>Gift, 4/10/85

<dr>First Comics, Inc., 1014 Davis Street, Evanston, IL 60201 contact: Rick Oliver,

<\$v>10

<lo>WF-Bill

<bl>Michael Saenz' book SHATTER, was illustrated entirely on a 128K Apple Macintosh using Macpaint software.

&lt;rf&gt;

&lt;&gt;

&lt;id&gt;X561.85

&lt;ma&gt;Mostek, Inc.

&lt;na&gt;Mostek 4K Memory Chips

&lt;oc&gt;Memory

&lt;fa&gt;Integrated Circuits

&lt;ge&gt;

&lt;yr&gt;

&lt;co&gt;USA

&lt;s#&gt;

&lt;si&gt;.125"x.125"

&lt;cx&gt;23 chips

&lt;pt&gt;in an orange plastic case

&lt;hw&gt;Gift,

&lt;dr&gt;Mostek, Carrollton, TX sent to us via Jack Kilby

&lt;\$v&gt;100

&lt;lo&gt;visible storage case 14 drawer e

&lt;bl&gt;

&lt;rf&gt;

&lt;&gt;

&lt;id&gt;X562.85

&lt;ma&gt;International Business Machines Corporation

&lt;na&gt;IBM Personal Computer XT w/ expansion unit

&lt;deac&gt;Deaccession&lt;why&gt;Duplicate, used in exhibit

&lt;oc&gt;Digital Computer

&lt;hw&gt;LOAN&lt;dr&gt;IBM

&lt;id&gt;X563.85

&lt;ma&gt;Univac Division, Sperry Rand Corporation

&lt;na&gt;Univac Phoenix Computer

&lt;deac&gt;&lt;why&gt;

&lt;oc&gt;Digital Computer

&lt;fa&gt;Graphics

&lt;ge&gt;

&lt;yr&gt;

&lt;co&gt;USA

&lt;s#&gt;1

&lt;si&gt;

&lt;cx&gt;

&lt;pt&gt;

&lt;hw&gt;Gift, 4/9/85

&lt;dr&gt;Herbert Teager

&lt;lo&gt;visible storage case 8 outside

&lt;bl&gt;

&lt;rf&gt;

&lt;&gt;



<id>X564.85  
<ma>Rand Corporation  
<na>Rand Graphic Input Tablet and Stylus  
<oc>Transducer  
<fa>Graphics  
<ge>  
<yr>1964  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift, 4/9/85  
<dr>Herbert Teager  
<\$v>500  
<lo>WF-56C  
<bl>The RAND tablet is the first digital graphic device input device that is low-cost, possesses excellent linearity, able to uniquely describe 10 to the sixth locations in a 10 inch square active tablet area.  
<rf>Rand Corp  
<>

<id>X565.85  
<ma>California Computer Products, Inc.  
<na>Calcomp Model 560R Drum Plotter  
<oc>Transducer  
<fa>Graphics  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>USA  
<s#>144  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift, 4/9/85  
<dr>Herbert Teager  
<\$v>50  
<lo>WF-56C  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X566.85  
<ma>Wang Laboratories  
<na>Wang PIC (Professional Image Computer)  
<deac>Deaccession<why>used only for exhibit

<id>X567.85  
<ma>Teletype Corporation  
<na>Teletype Model 5  
<oc>Transducer  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>1931  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift, 4/19/85  
<dr>Dum, Stephen, 16820 SW Cambridge Court, Beaverton, OR 97007  
<\$v>100  
<lo>WF-56C  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X568.85  
<ma>Von Reppert, R.  
<na>Von Reppert Calculating Machine  
<oc>Digital Calculator  
<fa>4 function  
<ge>printing calculator  
<yr>1917  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift  
<dr>Erwin J. and Richard W. Reppert  
<\$v>100  
<rk>  
<lo>WF-CAL  
<bl>Patented by Richard von Reppert of St. Louis, it cites the invention to provide for the use of an ordinary typewriter in connection with a calculating machine. Although ours is a manufactured item, these never became a significant product.  
<rf>Office files  
<>

<id>X569.85  
<ma>Hitachi, Ltd.  
<na>Hitachi 256K DRAM (unpacked chip package)  
<oc>Memory  
<fa>Integrated circuit  
<ge>  
<yr>1985  
<co>Japan  
<s#>  
<si>.75"x.25"x.25"  
<cx>Chip in a ceramic chip carrier that has had the lid cut off to expose the IC.

<pt>  
<hw>Gift,  
<dr>Hitachi America  
<\$v>10  
<lo>visible storage case 14 drawer e  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X570.85  
<ma>Software Arts, Inc.  
<na>VisiCalc Beta Test Version 0.1  
<oc>Software  
<fa>Personal Computer  
<ge>  
<yr>1979  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>floppy disk plus 2 copies of Ben Rosens introductory article on VisiCalc  
<hw>Gift, 4/26/85  
<dr> Ben Rosen, 200 Park Avenue, Suite 4503, New York, NY 10166  
<\$v>100  
<lo>WF-3SC  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X571.85 - another loan to clear up.  
<ma>International Business Machines Corporation  
<na>IBM 632 Electronic Typing Calculator  
<oc>Digital Calculator  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>USA  
<s#>10510  
<si>32"x23"x36"  
<cx>  
<pt>typewriter, keypad, processor unit  
<hw>LOAN, 5/85 - 5/86  
<so>Keller, Joseph, 29 Leonard Avenue, Newtonville, M02160  
<\$v>10  
<lo>WF-56C  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X572.85  
<ma>Unknown  
<na>COBOL Tombstone  
<oc>Software  
<fa>Ephemera  
<ge>  
<yr>1960  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift,  
<dr>Charles A. Phillips, CODASYL  
<\$v>1000  
<lo>WF-TLC  
<bl>In 1960, Charles A. Phillips, Chairman of the CODASYL Executive Committee, under whose general supervision the Short Range Committee developed COBOL, received this tombstone from Howard Bromberg of RCA. This was intened as a joke because many people were predicting the early death of COBOL. However, today COBOL remains the most widely used business programming language.  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X573.85 - Clarify loan  
<ma>Honeywell, Inc.  
<na>Sculptures using electronic components: Buffalo, Fish, Dragon, Grasshopper, Fox, and Dog  
<oc>Electronic components  
<fa>ephemera  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>USA  
<s#>n/a  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>LOAN, 5/85 - 1/86  
<so>Honeywell Information Systems, Inc., 200 Smith Street,Waltham, MA 02154  
<\$v>6000  
<rk>  
<lo>WF-54E  
<bl>  
<rf>Office files  
<>

<id>X574.85  
<ma>SCELBI Computer Consulting, Inc.  
<na>SCELBI-8H  
<oc>Digital Computer  
<fa>Personal computer  
<ge>  
<yr>1974  
<co>USA

<s#>4100-0026  
<si>10"x12"x13"  
<cx>  
<pt>hollow metal box w/ boards on top, power box, audio tape interface, keyboard interface, keyboard  
<hw>Gift, 5/10/85  
<dr>Carlton B. Hensley Rural Route 1, Box 176, PheasantRoad West, Pound Ridge, NY 10576  
<\$v>100  
<lo>WF-PCE  
<bl>This was a hobbyist personal computer that called itself a "mini-computer." The instruction manual is duplicated, not printed ... and all in upper case.  
<rf>Scelbi  
<>

<id>X575.85  
<ma>Wang Laboratories  
<na>Wang 370 Programmable Calculator  
<oc>Digital Calculator  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>keyboard, electronic package, 3 card readers, output control package, output writer (IBM selectric typewriter)  
<hw>Gift, 5/10/85  
<dr>Olsen, Lorraine, 60 Wadsworth 16D, Cambridge, MA 02139  
<\$v>10  
<lo>WF-56C  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X576.85  
<ma>Wang Laboratories  
<na>Wang 320SE Calculator  
<oc>Digital Calculator  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>4 keyboards (2 standard, 2 engineering), electronic package  
<hw>Gift, 5/10/85  
<dr>Olsen, Kirtland, One Commercial Wharf North, Boston, MA 02110  
<\$v>10  
<lo>WF-56C  
<bl>  
<rf>

&lt;&gt;

<id>X577.85 again a loan  
<ma>AT&T Bell Laboratories  
<na>AT&T 1K & 4K RAM Wafer and Chip Collection  
<oc>Memory  
<fa>Integrated circuit  
<ge>  
<yr>1985  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>1 1K, 2-inch wafer; 1 4K, 2-inch wafer (cracked); 1 4K, 3-inch wafer; 2 4K redesign chips  
<hw>LOAN, 5/14/85 - 5/13/88  
<so>AT&T Bell Laboratories, Archives/Records Management Services, 101 John F. Kennedy Parkway, Short Hills, NJ 07078 contact: M.G. Goldstein  
<\$v>1000  
<lo>visible storage case 14 drawer e  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X578.85  
<ma>Computer Controls Corporation  
<na>DDP-116 General Purpose Computer  
<oc>Digital Computer  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>ca. 1965  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift  
<dr>Boudreau Computer Services, Ltd.  
<\$v>300  
<lo>WF-63S  
<bl>The DDP-116, designed by Gardner Hendrie, is the first 16-bit mini-computer. The memory cycle time is rated at 1.7 $\mu$ sec with emmory available in 1,4, and 8K word modules. The instruction repertoire includes 63 commands. A paper tape machine, punch and teleprinter are standard.  
<rf> Computer Controls A177  
<>

<id>X579.85  
<ma>Honeywell, Computer Control Division  
<na>Honeywell H316 General Purpose Digital Computer -Kitchen Computer  
<oc>Digital Computer  
<fa>Personal computer  
<ge>  
<yr>ca. 1965  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift 5/14/85  
<dr>Boudreau Computer Services, Ltd.  
<\$v>500  
<lo>WF-63S  
<bl>The H316 was billed as the first under-\$10,000 16-bit machine from a major computer manufacturer. It was the smallest addition to the Honeywell Series 16 line. The H316 was available in three versions: table-top, rack-mountable, and self-standing pedestal. This unit is of the pedestal version. The H316 is logically identical to the DDP-516, built by Computer Controls.  
<rf>Honeywell<>

<id>X580.85 - loan to straighten out  
<ma>Digital Communications Associates, Inc.  
<na>IRMA board  
<oc>Logic  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>November, 1982  
<co>USA  
<s#>1  
<si>14"x5"x1"  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>LOAN, 5/15/85 - 5/88  
<dr>Dr. W. Waverly Graham, III, Digital Communications Associates, Inc. 1000 Alderman Drive, Alpharetta, GA 30201 lender: Dr. W. Waverly Graham, III loan agreement to: Mindy Littman, Manager of Public Relations, Digital Communications Associates, Inc., 303 Technology Park, Norcross, GA 30092  
<\$v>50  
<lo>visible storage case 14 drawer b  
<bl>First coaxial cable interface for micro-to- mainframe communications  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X581.85  
<ma>Digital Equipment Corporation  
<na>MicroVax II  
<oc>Digital Computer  
<fa>Logic  
<ge>  
<yr>1985  
<co>USA

<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>Central processor and floating point integrated circuits, mounted and unmounted  
3 unmounted processor chips, 3 unmounted floating point chips, 2 mounted chips,  
<hw>Gift 5/15/85  
<dr>Digital Equipment Corporation  
<\$v>100  
<lo>visible storage case 14 drawer e  
<bl>  
<rf>Photo files; DEC  
<>

<id>X582.85  
<ma>Mostek, Inc.  
<na>Mostek 4096 2-inch Wafer  
<oc>Memory  
<fa>Integrated circuit  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>USA  
<s#>n/a  
<si>2" diameter  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift 5/15/85  
<case>  
<dr>Mostek, Inc., 1215 West Crosby Road, Carrollton, TX 75006  
<\$v>100  
<lo>visible storage case 14 drawer e  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X583.85  
<ma>NEC Corporation  
<na>NEC 64K & 256K DRAM Chips, unmounted and mounting pins  
<oc>Memory  
<fa>Integrated circuit  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>USA  
<s#>n/a  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>2 64K chips, 2 256K chips, 1 64K strip of chip connectors (2 chips on it), 1 256K  
strip of chip connectors (2 chips on it)  
<hw>Gift 5/15/85  
<dr>NEC Information Systems, Inc.  
<\$v>50  
<lo>visible storage case 14 drawer e  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>



<id>X584.85  
<ma>Wright Line, Inc., The  
<na>Wright Portable Punch, Model 2600  
<oc>Transducer  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>USA  
<s#>4656  
<si>18"x5.5"x3.5"  
<cx>  
<pt>black carrying case, dust cover, instruction book  
<hw>Gift 5/15/85  
<dr>Allan Sadowski  
<\$v>10  
<lo>pc cage section 7 shelf 0  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X585.85  
<ma>Science Spectrum, Inc.  
<na>Octal-Decimal Slide Rule Calculator  
<oc>Analog Calculator  
<fa>Circular  
<ge>  
<yr>1969  
<co>USA  
<s#>n/a  
<si>8.5" diameter  
<cx>yellow-green, white paper  
<pt>plastic case  
<hw>Gift 6/2/85  
<dr>Edward Dillon  
<\$v>20  
<lo>visible storage case 16 on view  
<bl>  
<rf>Office files  
<>

<id>X586.85  
<ma>Science Spectrum, Inc.  
<na>Hexadecimal-Decimal Slide Rule Calculator  
<oc>Analog Calculator  
<fa>Circular  
<ge>  
<yr>1969  
<co>USA  
<s#>n/a  
<si>9" diameter  
<cx>yellow-green, white plastic  
<pt>plastic case  
<hw>Gift 6/2/85

<dr>Edward Dillon  
<\$v>20  
<lo>visible storage case 16 on view  
<bl>  
<rf>Office files  
<>

<id>X587.85  
<ma>Unknown  
<na>Circular Slide Rule  
<oc>Analog Calculator  
<fa>Circular  
<ge>  
<yr>1967  
<co>USA  
<s#>n/a  
<si>4.25" diameter  
<cx>white plastic  
<pt>plastic case  
<hw>gift 6/2/85  
<dr>Edward Dillon  
<\$v>20  
<lo>visible storage case 16 on view  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X588.85  
<ma>FUN Incorporated  
<na>Hokey's Secret Code Maker and Decoder  
<oc>Analog Calculator  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>1969  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>6.25"x1"x.25"  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift 6/2/85  
<dr>Edward Dillon  
<\$v>10  
<rk>  
<lo>visible storage case 16 on view  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X589.85  
<ma>IMSAI Manufacturing Corporation  
<na>IMSAI 8080 Microcomputer System  
<oc>Digital Computer  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>USA  
<s#>1009824  
<si>17.5"x19.5"x7"  
<cx>  
<pt>IMSAI 8080 mainframe w/ an IMSAI MIO board, an IMSAI VIO board, an IMSAI MPU-A board and Dynabyte 16K RAM module. (Dynabyte has a thermal intermittent problem.)  
<hw>LOAN, 6/9/85 - 6/88  
<dr>Mike Miller 26 Cherry Lane, Bethel, CT 06081  
<\$v>300  
<lo>WF-PCE  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X590.85  
<ma>Autographix, Inc.  
<na>Autographix 200 System  
<deac>Deaccession<why>acquired fro exhibit  
<oc>Digital Computer  
<hw>Gift.<dr>Autographix, Inc.

<id>X591.85  
<ma>International Business Machines Corporation  
<na>IBM Non-Listing Tabulator  
<oc>Digital Calculator  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>ca. 1937  
<co>USA  
<s#>10040 S F  
<si>45"x18"x39"  
<cx>Model X 090  
<pt>tabulator, AC/DC converter  
<hw>Gift, 6/20/85  
<dr>Mr. and Mrs. William Dobratz, 15860 Fieldbrook Drive, Brookfield, WI 53005  
<\$v>20  
<lo>WF-63S  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X592.85  
<ma>Monroe Calculating Machine Company  
<na>Mechanical Calculating Machine  
<oc>Digital Calculator  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>ca. 1915  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>17"x12"x7"  
<cx>keys of varying height <pt>  
<hw>Gift. 6/20/85  
<dr>Warren J. Buck and Arthur Milinowski, 18 Bayne Street, Norwalk, CT 06851  
(203) 847-4641  
<\$v>10  
<lo>visible storage case 6 on view  
<bl>This full-keyboard machine with a movable carriage united many advantages of previous adding and calculating machines. A modified stepped-drum instrument, its earliest model resulted from the collaboration of Jay R. Monroe and Frank S. Baldwin, inventor of the first U.S. pin-wheel machine.  
<rf>Monroe  
<>

<id>X593.85 - do you know what this is; i think we got it for the exhibit and can deaccession.  
<ma>Polaroid Corporation  
<na>Polaroid Video Printer, Model 8  
<deac>  
<why>  
<oc>Transducer  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>1985  
<co>USA  
<s#>J38071C  
<si>16"x25"x24"  
<cx>white, black metal, plastic  
<pt>processor, image grabber  
<hw>Gift, 8/2/85  
<so>Polaroid Corporation, 575 Technology Square, Cambridge, MA 02139 contact: Mr. Eelco Wolf, Director, Marketing Communications  
<\$v>5000  
<lo>WF-IG booth  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X594.85  
<ma>Philips Business Systems  
<na>Philips P359 Computer  
<oc>Digital Computer  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>1971

<co>West Germany/Netherlands  
<s#>  
<si>54"x38"x38"  
<cx>off-white, blue, gray  
<pt>basic unit, card reader, Philips P142 storage unit (24"x33"x30")  
<hw>Gift, 8/2/85  
<dr>New England Provision Company  
<\$v>100  
<lo>WF-62S  
<bl>This is an accounting machine with a 64-bit word, storage of only 1200 words, plus additional mag tape. It was priced from \$8-20,000 in 1973.  
<rf>Office files  
<>

<id>X595.85  
<ma>International Business Machines Corporation  
<na>IBM Model 016 Key punch  
<oc>Transducer  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>1953  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>40"x16"x36"  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift, 8/2/85  
<case>  
<so>Freeman, Greydon Carl, 50 Wepawaug Road, Woodbridge, CT 06525 203-964-0096 (w) 203-397-3343 (h)  
<\$v>10  
<lo>Bay 1, Floor 6 case 1 outside  
<bl>  
<rf>IBM  
<>

<id>X596.85  
<ma>Nolan, Jack  
<na>Lunar Scan Reflectivity Model  
<deac><why>  
<oc>Graphics  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>1965  
<co>USA  
<s#>n/a  
<si>25"x24"x4"  
<cx>Plywood carving with the yellow printout paper with values between layers to indicated where to cut.  
<pt>  
<hw>LOAN, 9/1/85 - 9/1/87  
<case>  
<dr>Jack Nolan, Lexington  
<\$v>1000

<lo>WF-IG  
<bl>Created at Lincoln Lab to give 3D feel of surface of the moon to find a good landing site on the moon  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X597.85  
<ma>Minneapolis Honeywell Regulator Company, DATAmatic Division  
<na>Datamatic 1000 module  
<oc>Logic  
<fa>Digital Computer  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>1.25"x12.5"x2.25"  
<cx>label stating: "Presented to Al Landsman At the Retirement of the Brighton D=1000, Brighton, MA November 21, 1966  
<pt>  
<hw>8/2/85  
<dr>Alvin Landsman 200 Parker Street, Newton Center, MA 02159  
<\$v>10  
<lo>WF-1SC  
<bl>  
<rf> Honeywell, photo file  
<>

<id>X598.85  
<ma>Honeywell Information Systems  
<na>Honeywell Model 58 circuit boards, Read- Only-Memory and Magnetic Core Memory  
<oc>Memory  
<fa>Digital Computer  
<ge>Logic  
<yr>1969  
<co>France  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>3 large metal ROM's (17"x9.5"x2"), 2 hinged core memory boards (10"x8"x1.5"), 13 various logic boards  
<hw>8/2/85  
<dr>Thermo Electron Corporation R&D Division, 101 1st Ave., P.O. Box 459, Waltham, MA 02254 contact: Bill Wellen  
<\$v>10  
<lo>WF-56C  
<bl>  
<rf>Honeywell  
<>

<id>X599.85  
<ma>Ritam Corporation  
<na>Monty  
<oc>Micro-processed based device  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>1985  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>6"x10.5"x2.25"  
<cx>Plastic game  
<pt>  
<hw>8/2/85  
<dr>Ritam Corporation, P.O. Box 921, Fairfield, Iowa 52556 contact: Steven G. Hauring, Executive Vice President  
<\$v>10  
<lo>WF-Terry  
<bl>Electronic scrabble game  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X600.85  
<ma>Axlon, Inc.  
<na>Compurobot  
<oc> Microprocessor-based Device  
<fa>Robot  
<ge>  
<yr>1985  
<co>Hong Kong  
<s#>  
<si>5"x6"x7"  
<cx>Plastic programmable toy robot  
<pt>  
<hw>8/2/85  
<dr>Axlon, Inc., 1287 Lawrence Station Road, Sunnyvale CA94089 contact: Fred Heller  
<\$v>10  
<lo>pc cage section 9 shelf 0  
<bl>Five more identical units were donated at the same time and were added to the spares list  
<rf>Office files  
<>

<id>X601.85  
<ma>Digital Equipment Corporation  
<na>DECTAPE  
<oc>Memory  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>1954  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>4.25"x4.25"x1.25"  
<cx>plastic blue case for tapes  
<pt>

<hw>8/2/85  
<dr>Ivan E. Sutherland  
<\$v>10  
<lo>WF-MSC  
<bl>Eleven other brand new DECTAPES were given at the same time and placed on the spare list  
<rf>DEC  
<>

<id>X602.85  
<ma>Wang Laboratories  
<na>Wang 2200 System  
<oc>Digital Computer  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>ca. 1970  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>CRT, keyboard, typewriter, power supply unit,CPU/controller unit  
<hw>8/2/85  
<dr>Martin Levine(526-4218)  
<\$v>10  
<lo>WF-56C  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X603.85  
<ma>Digital Equipment Corporation  
<na>Micro T11 plot on mylar  
<oc>Logic  
<fa>Integrated circuit  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift,  
<dr>Digital Equipment Corporation  
<\$v>100  
<lo>  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X604.85  
<ma>Digital Equipment Corporation  
<na>Micro T11 silicon wafers  
<oc>Integrated circuit  
<fa>Logic



<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift, 8/2/85  
<dr>Digital Equipment Corporation  
<\$v>10  
<lo>pc cage section 8 shelf 0  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X605.85  
<ma>Digital Equipment Corporation  
<na>Micro T11 chips  
<oc>Integrated circuit  
<fa>Logic  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift, 8/2/85  
<dr>Digital Equipment Corporation  
<\$v>10  
<lo>pc cage section 8 shelf 0  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X606.85  
<ma>Digital Equipment Corporation  
<na>Micro T11  
<oc>Integrated circuit  
<fa>Logic  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>Engineering masks for the polysilicon layer, diffusion layer, and the metal layer interconnect.  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift, 8/2/85  
<dr>Digital Equipment Corporation  
<\$v>10  
<lo>pc cage section 8 shelf 0  
<bl>  
<rf>

&lt;&gt;

<id>X607.85  
<ma>Digital Equipment Corporation  
<na>SpaceWar program  
<oc>Software  
<fa>Graphics  
<ge>  
<yr>1962  
<co>USA  
<cx>Paper tape for the Spacewar program for the PDP-1  
<pt>  
<hw>8/2/85  
<dr>Digital Equipment Corporation  
<\$v>1000  
<lo>Office files (should it go elsewhere?) under Space War  
<bl>  
<rf>DEC  
<>

<id>X608.85 - Should we deaccession -- this is something for dressing an exhibit?  
<ma>Wright Line, Inc.  
<na>IBM 1403 Printer Control Tape Rack with tapes  
<oc>Memory  
<fa>Transducer  
<ge>  
<yr>1965  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>9.5"x16"x2"  
<cx>  
<pt>rack contains 10 slots with ten paper tapes  
<hw>8/2/85  
<dr>Unknown  
<\$v>10  
<lo>WF-1401  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X609.85 - What is this?  
<ma>Unknown  
<na>??? keyboard  
<oc>Transducer  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>8/2/85  
<dr>Gwen Bell

<\$v>10  
<lo>WF-56C  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X610.85  
<ma>International Business Machines Corporation  
<na>Paperweight containing IBM transistor & 4 varying size ferrite cores encased in clear lucite  
<oc>Logic  
<fa>Memory  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>USA  
<s#>n/a  
<si>diameter: 1.5"x.5"  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>8/14/85  
<dr>Richard S. Beers14 Blueberry Hill Lane, Sudbury, MA 01776  
<\$v>10  
<lo>WF-2SC  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X611.85  
<ma>International Business Machines Corporation  
<na>IBM Book of General Purpose Card Samples  
<oc>Punched card  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr> 1963  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>7.5"x3.25"x.75"  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>8/14/85  
<dr>Richard S. Beers14 Blueberry Hill Lane, Sudbury, MA 01776  
<\$v>10  
<lo>WF-TLC  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X612.85  
<ma>International Business Machines Corporation  
<na>IBM Machine Load "Computer" Slide Rule  
<oc>Analog Calculator  
<fa>Slide rule  
<ge>  
<yr>

<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>7.5"x3.25"  
<cx>Plastic and paper  
<pt>  
<hw>8/14/85  
<dr>Richard S. Beers 14 Blueberry Hill Lane, Sudbury, MA 01776  
<\$v>10  
<lo>visible storage case 16 on view  
<bl>  
<rf>IBM  
<>

<id>X613.85  
<ma>Victor Computer Corporation  
<na>Nixdorf 820/23 Rod Cell Memory Board,  
<oc>Memory  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>ca. 1969  
<co>Germany  
<s#>381 55060  
<si>9"x7.5"x.25"  
<cx>copper and plastic hardwired insurance program  
<pt>  
<hw>8/14/85  
<dr>Richard S. Beers 14 Blueberry Hill Lane, Sudbury, MA 01776  
<\$v>10  
<lo>WF-MS  
<bl>Small rods which passed through the holes in this board could sense the state of each digit depending on how the board had been hardwired. The machine could hold two such boards, thus two programs. Victor marketed Nixdorf Computers before Nixdorf came to the USA.  
<rf>Victor  
<>

<id>X614.85  
<ma>Polymorphic Systems  
<na>Polymorphic System 8813  
<oc>Digital Computer  
<fa>Personal Computer  
<ge>  
<yr>1977  
<co>USA  
<s#>4335  
<si>20"x18"x17"  
<cx>Woodgrain and plastic  
<pt>CPU/, disk unit, keyboard, CRT, 8 floppy disks  
<hw>8/15/85  
<dr>Robert and Margaret Wesley 9807 Owen Brown Road, Columbia, MD 21045  
<\$v>100  
<lo>WF  
<bl>  
<rf>Polymorphic Systems

&lt;&gt;

<id>X615.85  
<ma>Osborne Computer Corporation  
<na>Osborne Executive  
<oc>Digital Computer  
<fa>Personal Computer  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>USA  
<s#>010937  
<si>20"x19"x10"  
<cx>blue, grey plastic  
<pt>  
<hw>10/18/85  
<dr>Joel Goldstick Software Creations, 16 Jeannine Road, Bellingham, MA 02019  
<\$v>100  
<lo>WF  
<bl>  
<rf>Osborne  
<>

<id>X616.85  
<ma>Jade Computer Products  
<na>Z80 based S-100 Computer System  
<oc>Digital Computer  
<fa>Personal computer  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>17.5"x17"x9"  
<cx>  
<pt>main unit containing boards, Northstar floppy disk drive, keyboard,  
<hw>10/18/85  
<dr>Joel Goldstick Software Creations, 16 Jeannine Road, Bellingham, MA 02019  
<\$v>100  
<lo>WF  
<bl>  
<rf>Jade  
<>

<id>X617.85  
<ma>Cite Sciences et Industrie  
<na>Smart Security/credit card  
<oc>microprocessor-based device  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>1985  
<co>FRANCE  
<s#>  
<si>3.375"x2.125"

<cx>a white, gold plastic ard containing a microprocessor from pilot project at Cite Sciences et Industrie, Parc de la Villette, Paris, France. It was called Clematic CP8  
<pt>

<hw>Gift, 11/6/85

<dr>Gerard Courtieux Cite Sciences et Industrie, Parc de la Villette, Paris, France

<\$v>10

<lo>visible storage case 14 drawer e

<bl>

<rf>Office files - smart cards

<>

<id>X618.85

<ma>Binary Arts Corporation

<na>Hexadecimal Puzzle

<deac>{DEACCESSIONED 8/9/88 AWS}<why>not computer related

<id>X619.85

<ma>American Can Company, Adding Machine Division

<na>American Adding Machine

<oc>Digital Calculator

<fa>

<ge>

<yr>1917

<co>USA

<s#>008744

<si>7"x9"x8"

<cx>black metal

<pt>

<hw>Gift, 11/6/85

<dr>Mr. and Mrs. Charles Collazzo 2360 Mass. Ave., Lexington, MA 02173

<\$v>10

<lo>visible storage case 1 top shelf

<bl>

<rf>

<>

<id>X620.85

<ma>International Business Machines Corporation

<na>Port-A-Punch

<oc>Transducer

<fa>Punched card equipment

<ge>

<yr>

<co>USA

<s#>

<si>4.5"x9"x.5"

<cx>olive and orange plastic

<pt>port-a-punch, stylus, 2 small boxes of Wang cards, programming sheets

<hw>Gift, 11/7/85

<dr>Kirtland Olsen One Commercial Wharf North, Boston, MA 02110

<\$v>10

<lo>WF-56C

<bl>These items were given as part of artifact number X575.85 and were acknowledged at that time. Was given its own number on 11/7/85.

<rf>

<>

<id>X621.85

<ma>PERRYGRAF

<na>circular slide rule

<oc>Analog Calculator

<fa>circular slide rule

<ge>

<yr>

<co>USA

<s#>

<si>2.5"x4"

<cx>Black and white plastic

<pt>

<hw>Gift, 11/7/85

<dr>Professor I.B. Cohen

<\$v>10

<lo>WF-Office

<bl>Harvard Project Physics multiplication/division slide rule

<rf>Office files

<>

<id>X622.85

<ma>Unknown

<na>Circular slide rule

<oc>Analog Calculator

<fa>

<ge>

<yr>

<co>FRANCE

<s#>n/a

<si>2.125"x2.125"

<cx>Sliver and black metal

<pt>

<hw>Gift, 11/7/85

<dr>Professor I.B. Cohen

<\$v>10

<lo>visible storage case 16 on view

<bl>matches date to corresponding day of the week, 1963-1990 "soumatic", labeled in French

<rf>

<>

<id>X623.85 - this is really ephemera - should it be in the collection>

<ma>Treni, Inc.

<na>TRENI III Mascot computer and 'No-op Software' punch card confetti

<oc>

<fa>

<ge>

<yr>1985

<co>USA

<s#>n/a

<si>1.125"x1.125"x2"

<cx>plastic model of computer with chip embedded in the back and small package of punch card confetti software.

<pt>

<hw>Gift, 11/12/85

<dr>Robert E Youngberg 12506 Cabezon Place, San Diego, CA92129

<\$v>10

<lo>WF-3SC

<bl>

<rf>

<>

<id>X624.85

<ma>Intel Corporation

<na>Intellec 800 Microcomputer Development System

<oc>Digital Computer

<fa>Integrated circuit

<ge>

<yr>1975

<co>USA

<s#>BN 3413

<si>17"x21"x8.5" main unit

<cx>

<pt>Intellec Microcomputer Development System (MDS 800) with 3 16K memory boards, a double density disk drive w/ control and interface boards, the keyboard, CRT interconnect cables, and ICE 80 In Circuit Emulator/80

<hw>11/12/85

<dr>Intel Corporation Westford Corporate Center, Three Carlisle Road, Westford, MA 01886 contact: Bruce Giron, District Manager

<\$v>100

<lo>WF-56C

<bl>This system represents the development tools used by circuit engineers in the mid-1970's to design Intel's 8080 into the many microprocessor based electronics systems still in use.

<rf>Intel

<>

<id>X625.85

<ma>Institute for Numerical Analysis, (National Bureau of Standards)

<na>SWAC Williams Tube

<oc>Memory

<fa>Digital Computer

<ge>Electronic components

<yr>1950

<co>USA

<s#>

<si>24.5"x8"x9"

<cx>

<pt>

<hw>Gift, 11/13/85

<dr>Jerry Mendelson 17424 Cumpston Street, Encino, CA91316

<\$v>1000

<lo>WF-56C

<bl>

<rf>National Bureau of Standards A298



&lt;&gt;

<id>X626.85  
<ma>Multitech Industrial Corporation  
<na>Micro-Professor Home Computer, model MPF-II  
<oc>Digital Computer  
<fa>Personal computer  
<ge>  
<yr>1982  
<co>Taiwan  
<s#>A1100258  
<si>7"x10"x1.25" main unit  
<cx><pt>Micro-Professor main unit, additional keyboard, power supply, Floppy disk interface, floppy disk drive (boards exposed) cassette tape recorder, 3 cassette tapes <case>  
<dr>Clive Bolton 44 Walker Street, Somerville, MA 02144  
<\$v>100  
<lo>WF-56C  
<bl>Apple compatible; Although it will read Apple compatible disks, its DOS is different so that a special disk is required which was not given with the donation.  
<rf>Multitech  
<>

<id>X627.85 Do we know why this is important?  
<ma>Centronics Data Computer Corporation  
<na>Centronics printer, Model 730-1  
<oc>Transducer  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>USA  
<s#>003774  
<si>14"x11"x4"  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<dr>Computerland, Inc.  
<\$v>10  
<lo>WF-56C  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X628.85  
<ma>Anadex, Inc.  
<na>Anadex printer, Model DP-8000  
<oc>Transducer  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>USA  
<s#>A06407  
<si>19"x14"x6"  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<dr>Computerland, Inc.

<\$v>10  
<lo>WF-56C  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X629.85  
<ma>International Business Machines Corporation  
<na>IBM 5100 System  
<oc>Transducer  
<fa>Digital Computer  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>USA  
<s#>25622  
<si>17"x24"x7" (5110 unit)  
<cx>  
<pt>Main unit, Model# 5110,(includes keybd, display, CPU); Model 5103 printer (25"x14"x12"); 2 Model 5114 dual floppy disk drives (18"x23"x29" ea.); complete documentation  
<dr>Silenus Wines, Inc.  
<\$v>10  
<lo>WF-56C  
<bl>Either this is IBM's early pc or word processor.  
<rf>IBM  
<>

<id>X630.85  
<ma>Scientific Data Systems  
<na>SDS 940 Computer  
<oc>Digital Computer  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>1965  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>CPU Unit, Console, tape drive console  
<hw>Gift, 12/11/85  
<dr>Systems Concepts, Inc. Mike Levitt and Stewart Nelson  
<\$v>100  
<lo>WF-62S  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X631.85  
<ma>Ferroxcube Corporation of America  
<na>Ferroxcube core memory stack  
<oc>Memory  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>ca. 1970

<co>USA  
<s#>70  
<si>29"x12"x6"  
<cx>model # 51-579-00  
<pt>core stack with lots of wires attached to circuit boards hanging off it  
<hw>Gift, 12/11/85  
<dr>Systems Concepts, Inc. Mike Levitt and Stewart Nelson  
<\$v>100  
<lo>WF-56C2  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X632.85  
<ma>Fabri-Tek, Inc.  
<na>Fabri-Tek core memory stack  
<oc>Memory  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>USA  
<s#>422037-10-34  
<si>29"x12"x3"  
<cx>part# 999-6197-00<pt>core stack with many wires attached to circuit boards hanging off it  
<hw>Gift, 12/11/85  
<dr>Systems Concepts, Inc. Mike Levitt and Stewart Nelson  
<\$v>100  
<lo>WF-56C2  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X633.85 - what is this? needs more description  
<ma>Data General Corporation  
<na>MPT 87 computer  
<oc>Digital Computer  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift, 12/11/85  
<dr>Data General Corporation  
<\$v>100  
<lo>WF-56C2  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X634.85  
<ma>Data General Corporation  
<na>MicroNOVA CPU  
<model #>  
<#>1  
<sn>  
<deac>  
<why>  
<oc>Digital Computer  
<fa>Integrated circuit  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>not in rack  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift  
<dr>Data General Corporation  
<\$v>100  
<lo>WF-56C2  
<bl>This was designed by Gardner Hendrie.  
<rf>Data General  
<>

<id>X635.85  
<ma>Raytheon Company  
<na>Biax Nanolok Core Memory  
<oc>Memory  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>ca. 1966  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>Memory unit w/ core stack and drive boards, spare core stack  
<hw>Gift, 12/11/85  
<dr>James Sutherland 4857 Havana Drive, Pittsburgh, PA15239  
<\$v>100  
<lo>WF  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X636.85 - what is important here?  
<ma>International Communications Corporation  
<na>ICC 40 + 10 printer  
<oc>Transducer  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>  
<s#>

<si>  
<cx>yellow plastic  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift, 12/11/85  
<dr>Geoffrey B. Larkin J & J Distributors, 162 Woodbine Circle, Needham Hts, MA  
02194  
<\$v>10  
<lo>WF  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X637.85 - think this was gotten for exhibits, do we have it? want it?  
<ma>Tektronix, Inc.  
<na>Tektronix Color Graphics copier, model 4692  
<oc>Transducer  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>1985  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift, 12/11/85  
<dr>Tektronix, Inc. 482 Bedford Street, Lexington, MA 02173 contact: Carol A.  
Tutelian  
<\$v>5000  
<lo>WF-IG  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X638.85  
<ma>Edu-Cards Corporation  
<na>DIGI-COMP 1  
<oc>Logic  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>ca. 1963  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>red and white plastic model for teaching, currently not assembled  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift, 12/11/85  
<dr>Jules Corn The Travelers Companies, One Tower Square, Hartford, CT 06115  
<\$v>10  
<lo>WF-1SC  
<bl>  
<rf>office files  
<>

<id>X639.85 - given for use in office; we don't need it as an artifact, deaccess. i think  
<ma>AT&T Information Systems  
<na>AT&T Personal Computer 6300, with hard disk  
<deac>  
<why>  
<oc>Digital Computer  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>1985  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift, 12/11/85  
<so>AT&T, 45 Milk Street, Suite 800, Boston, MA 02109  
contact: Jon Bonsall, Government Relations Manager  
<dr>AT&T  
<\$v>2000  
<lo>WF-Office  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X640.85 - check with number 518 -- this may be the HP part, in which case it is  
wrongly labelled -- Brian check  
<ma>Xynetics  
<na>Plotter  
<deac>  
<why>  
<oc>Digital Computer  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift, 10/15/85  
<so>INSCOM/IDHS, Building #8-6365, Fort Bragg, NC 28307  
contact: Captain Anderson and Hewlett-Packard Company,  
contact: Tom Horth  
<dr>INSCOM/IDHS, Fort Bragg, NC and Hewlett-Packard Company  
<type>artifact  
<life>  
<\$v>1500  
<lo>WF-IG  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X641.85 \_ I have found the drawings and documents. They were filed under the accession number in the office. Now they are alphabetical under Turing machine. We should call Wes Clark ... tell him and clarify who this belongs to.

<ma>

<na>Turing Machine

<deac>

<why>

<oc>Miscellaneous

<fa>

<ge>

<yr>

<co>

<s#>

<si>

<cx>

<pt>

<hw>Gift, 12/11/85

<dr>Mead, Carver

<type>artifact

<life>

<\$c>

<\$v>1000

<rk>

<lo>On loan to Wes Clark

<bl>

<rf>

<>

<id>X642.85

<ma>Namco, Ltd

<na>MAPPY, the micromouse

<deac>DEACCESSIONED<why>return of loan

<hw>LOAN, 12/11/85<dr>Namco, Ltd.

<id>X643.85

<ma>IEEE Computer Society

<na>Micromouse Maze

<deac>Deaccessioned<why>return of loan

<dr>IEEE Computer Society

<id>X644.85

<ma>Lytton Memory Products Division, Lytton Industries

<na>Core stack

<oc>memory

<fa>

<ge>

<yr>

<co>USA

<s#>416238

<si>10"x24"x4"

<cx>2 stacks, one with a backplane. p/n 35910, name 942-503-004, 7108

<pt>spare 6 plane stack, no backplane

<hw>Gift, 12/11/85

<dr>Boudreau Computer Services 100 Bearfoot Road At I290 Industrial Park, Northboro, MA contacts: Donald Boudreau & Ray Johnson

<\$v>100

<lo>WF-56C2

<bl>

<rf>

<>

<id>X645.85

<ma>Ferroxcube Corporation of America

<na>Core memory stack, DDP 116

<oc>memory

<fa>Digital computer

<ge>

<yr>ca. 1966

<co>USA

<s#>51-237-212

<si>9.25"x8"x5.25"

<cx>model# TCM-32, Computer Control Company plate states:mod# TCM-31B, serial # 322, 1024 words, 8bits, 6.0 u-sec Full Cycle

<pt>

<hw>Gift, 12/11/85

<dr>Boudreau Computer Services 100 Bearfoot Road At I290 Industrial Park, Northboro, MA contacts: Donald Boudreau & Ray Johnson

<\$v>100

<lo>WF-56C2

<bl>

<rf>Computer Controls

<>

<id>X646.85

<ma>Fabri-Tek, Inc.

<na>Fabri-Tek small core memory module

<oc>memory

<fa>

<ge>

<yr>

<co>USA

<s#>420247-03-98

<si>8.75"x3.5"x.75"

<cx>part# 999-6315-01 has interesting gold chips (IC's) on the outside, probably driver chips

<pt>

<hw>Gift, 12/11/85

<dr>Boudreau Computer Services 100 Bearfoot Road At I290 Industrial Park, Northboro, MA contacts: Donald Boudreau & Ray Johnson

<\$v>100

<lo>WF-MSD

<bl>

<rf>

<>



<id>X647.85  
<ma>Electronic Memories, Inc.  
<na>Core stack module  
<oc>memory  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>USA  
<s#>50278  
<si>8.75"x3.5"x.75"  
<cx> 4K x 16 bitp/n 911413A01, spec 110011200B , loaded with corrosion 4/1/78  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift, 12/11/85  
<dr>Boudreau Computer Services 100 Bearfoot Road At I290 Industrial Park, Northboro, MA contacts: Donald Boudreau & Ray Johnson  
<\$v>100  
<lo>WF-MS  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X648.85 - anserwering machine type thing == don't think we have it  
<ma>Natural MicroSystems Corporation  
<na>WATSON  
<deac><why>  
<oc>???  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>USA  
<s#>  
<si>  
<cx>  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift, 12/11/85  
<so>Natural MicroSystems Corporation, 6 Mercer Road, Natick, MA 01760 contact: Charles T. Foskett, President  
<\$v>500  
<lo>WF-Office  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X649.86  
<ma>Mini-Add, Inc.  
<na>EXACTUS  
<oc>Digital Calculator  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<cp>  
<co>ENGLAND  
<s#>  
<si>6.25"x9"x5"  
<cx>green and black metal adds & subtracts via complementary arithmetic British  
pounds, shilling and penny  
<pt>calculator and stylus  
<hw>Gift, 1/28/86  
<dr>Gordon and Gwen Bell  
<\$v>10  
<lo>visible storage case 8 bottom shelf  
<bl>  
<rf>  
<>

<id>X650.86  
<ma>London Computator Corporation, Ltd  
<na>Computator, model LC/509/S/1598  
<oc>Digital Calculator  
<fa>  
<ge>  
<yr>  
<co>ENGLAND  
<s#>  
<si>11"x7"x4"  
<cx>green and black metal  
<pt>  
<hw>Gift, 1/28/86  
<dr>Gordon and Gwen Bell  
<\$v>100  
<rk>  
<lo>visible storage case 5 top shelf<bl>  
<rf>  
<>